

Understanding Thoughts

Our thoughts can be overwhelming at times and can cause us to feel stressed and anxious. Daisy the Hedgehog taught us that it can be easy to overthink and get stuck thinking unhelpful thoughts that may not be true. That's why it's important to take the time to pause and remember that thoughts are not facts and that we have the power to change them. Changing our thoughts can help us reduce our uncomfortable emotions and navigate challenging situations better.

Below is a summary of the key skills from the video:

- Thoughts are not always facts and are temporary.
- Thoughts can be either helpful or unhelpful.
- You can practice changing unhelpful thoughts to thoughts that are more realistic or helpful.

Practice Skills:

- Help your child to practice identifying unhelpful and helpful thoughts and describing how their thoughts make them feel.
- If you recognize that your child is expressing an unhelpful thought, encourage them to replace the thought with a more helpful or realistic thought. Here are some examples where this may be helpful:
 - Your child states that their best friend doesn't like them anymore because the best friend was playing with someone else at recess. You can ask your child, *"What could be another reason your friend was playing with someone else?"*
 - Your child states, "I'm so stupid" after receiving a low grade on an assessment. You can ask your child, *"What is another reason you may have received a low grade on the test?"*
- Use positive feedback frequently, immediately, and consistently when your child changes their unhelpful thoughts (whether it is independent or prompted). You might say, "Great job staying calm and thinking of all the possibilities!"

Start with this →

- Ask your child the following questions to get them to be more aware of their thinking:
 - *What were you thinking in that situation? OR What is your brain saying?*
 - *How is this thought making you feel?*
 - *Do you think this thought is helpful or unhelpful?*
- Remind your child: *"It's just a thought, and it does not mean it's important or that it's true."*
- Remember that recognizing your thinking takes practice.

On the next page there is an activity that you can share with your child to help practice understanding thoughts.

Challenging Unhelpful Thoughts

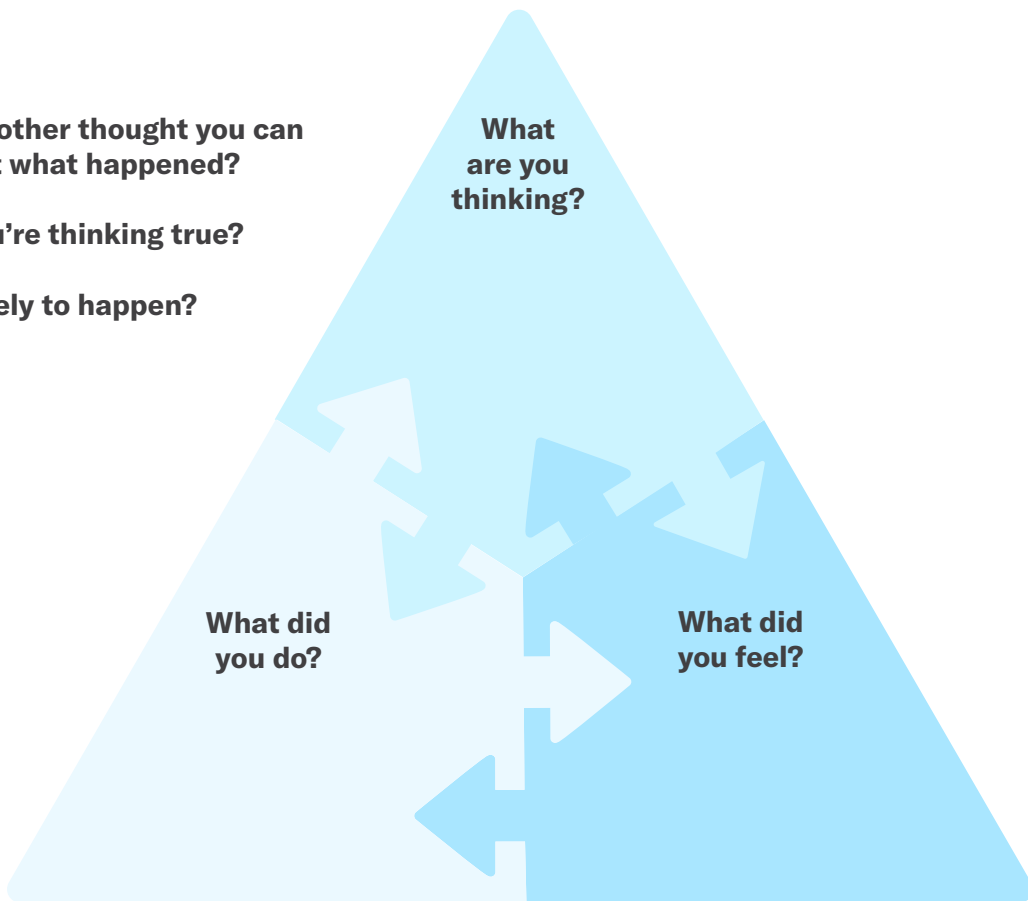
Recognizing and changing unhelpful thoughts takes practice. You can support your child by helping them to identify when they are experiencing an unhelpful thought and encouraging them to practice changing that thought into one that is more realistic or helpful. You can begin with the below activity to practice noticing the thoughts, emotions, and behaviors associated with a specific event:

What Happened?

Is there another thought you can have about what happened?

Is what you're thinking true?

What is likely to happen?



Follow-Up

When you notice how your thoughts are connected to how you feel, you're gathering data about yourself. If you notice that certain ways of thinking are not all that helpful or lead to uncomfortable feelings, remember that you have the power to slow down and consider when there might be other ways of thinking about the situation. The skills reviewed in the additional videos and worksheets of this curriculum can also help!